

Canadian Livestock Records Corporation
CANADIAN TARENDAISE ASSOCIATION

Private Breeding Records

There shall be kept by each breeder a private record which shall contain full particulars of his breeding operations. This record shall at all times be open to the inspection of officials of this Association, officials of the Department of Agriculture for Canada and officials of the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation.

Registration of Pedigrees

1. There shall be furnished by the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation for all living animals eligible a Certificate of Registration on the form adopted by the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation Board of Directors. The Certificate shall be in such form as decided on by the Board of Directors of this Association.
2. All Certificates of Registration shall be submitted for the approval of the officer appointed for that purpose by the Minister of Agriculture for Canada.
3. Any person suspended or expelled from membership, shall not be allowed the privilege of recording pedigrees in the records of the Association.
4. Any person prohibited from recording pedigrees by any other organization incorporated under the Animal Pedigree Act shall not be allowed to record pedigrees in the Canadian Tarentaise Herd Book.
5. The Canadian Livestock Records Corporation Board of Directors shall have power, for any cause which in the opinion of the Committee seems proper, to suspend any member or refuse applications for registration or transfer from any person whether a member or not. Any such action taken by the Board of Directors under this provision, shall be immediately reported to this Association. The Board of Directors may refuse to accept the signature of any person on an application for registration or transfer, whether a member or not, pending action by the Directors, the Executive Committee or a General Meeting of the Association.

Identification and Registration of Tattoo Letters

1. A breeder must apply to the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation for and be allotted identification letters for his exclusive use.
2. Animals must be identified with tattoo markings in the ear specified by the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation, with the registered identification letters of the owner of animal at birth and a serial number followed by the designated year letter to signify year of birth. The letter "W" will signify that the animal was born in 1987 ("X" 1988, "Y" 1989, etc.). The letters "I", "O", "Q" and "V" shall not be used as designating year letters.
3. All calves must be identified by tattoo markings before they are six months of age and before applying for registration. No two animals, regardless of sex, may be tattooed with the same identification.
4. This Association will initiate a program of checking for legible and proper tattooing on a random sampling basis from a specified number of animals registered each year as determined by the Board of Directors. If an animal is illegibly tattooed, another tattoo may be made above the old tattoo. If there is not enough space in the illegibly tattooed ear, you may tattoo in the opposite ear, after obtaining permission from Canadian Livestock Records Corporation.
5. When as a result of an inspection of the manner in which private records are being kept and identification practiced by any breeder, it is shown that the regulations in the that regard as laid down herein are not being observed, the Board of Directors may immediately suspend or expel such breeder. Further registrations and transfers may be refused and, if such inspection should indicate that the private records and identification system are in such a state of confusion as to raise a doubt as to the identity of any number or all of the animals in the herd, the Board of Directors may suspend or cancel registration of any or all cattle registered in the name of such breeder.
6. After the expiration of five years, registered tattoo letters may be forfeited if they have not been used in recording animals by the registered owner during that period. Such letters may, at the discretion of the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation, be allotted to another breeder.

Registration of Prefixes and Naming Animals

1. A member may register a prefix for his exclusive use in naming animals owned by him at birth. A prefix registered under this regulation shall not be used by any other person, partnership or corporate body in naming animals for registration.
2. In registering a prefix, priority in use shall be considered. Any dispute between breeders as to the priority right to a prefix shall be referred to the Executive Committee for decision.
3. A prefix may be transferred on application to the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation, by the registered owner.
4. A registered prefix that has not been used in the naming of registered animals, may be cancelled after a period of five years.

5. A registered prefix may be used by a son or a daughter who is a Junior Member, providing written consent of the registered owner is on file with the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation. This shall not apply to prefixes registered in the ownership of partnerships or companies.
6. Names of animals should not be duplicated. The right is reserved to change any name when necessary, preserving, however, as far as possible, some characteristic of the name given on the application.
7. A name shall not contain more than thirty letter spaces or characters including numeral affix. Letters or numerals may be used as a prefix.
8. Animals from other countries shall be registered with the same name as shown on the certificate of registration issued in the country from which they came.
9. The Association reserves the right to refuse any name which may be misleading, or any name which may be misleading as to the origin or relationship of an animal.
10. Names of members of the Royal Family or Leaders of National Governments of the day, shall not be used.
11. The Executive Committee may approve a change in the name of an animal, providing there are no registered offspring. A new application for registration must be completed and signed by the owner at birth, then presented to the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation with the Certificate and necessary fee. If a registered prefix was used in the original name, it must also be used in any suggested change.

Application for Registration

1. Application for Canadian or registration of Tarentaise animals must be:
 - (a) Made to the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation on forms supplied by them with all blank spaces filled in with ink or typewritten;
2. Applications for registration of animals from other countries must:
 - (a) be signed by the Canadian importer showing the date of importation;
 - (b) be accompanied by the certificate of registration;
 - (c) if a bred female, be accompanied by service information acceptable to the Canadian Tarentaise Association (i.e. that used in the country of origin for certification of service).
3. When an animal is a twin it shall be so stated when applying for registration, and the sex given of the animal with which it is a twin. Should a twin be entered upon the record without such statement, no subsequent application for entry of an animal twin with the same shall be accepted.

Transfers of Ownership and Duplicate Certificates

1. Applications for transfer of ownership of a registered Tarentaise must be made in ink or typewritten on forms supplied by the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation showing the date of sale and the date of delivery, and be accompanied by the certificate of registration.
2. In the case of a female if bred naturally, the certificate of service must be completed and signed by the owner of the service sire;
3. In the case of the sale of an animal, the seller must supply the buyer with a registration certificate or the means by which it may be obtained, and it shall be the responsibility of the seller to:
 - (a) confirm that the tattoo identification is in accordance with the Canadian Tarentaise regulations (Section III);
 - (b) Provide the buyer with:
 1. an application for registration of change of ownership completed filled in and duly signed as designated in subsection 1 above;
 2. an application for registration completed filled in and duly signed. (The animal must be identified with tattoo markings in accordance with Section III.)
4. Where a registered animal dies, is sold for slaughter or is used in a commercial herd and not represented as registered, the transfer shall not be recorded. A notation in ink stating the animal died, was slaughtered or is now used in a commercial herd shall be made on the face of the certificate, and the certificate shall be forwarded to Canadian Livestock Records Corporation.
5. When an animal is leased for breeding purposes, an application for lease supplied by the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation must be completed and signed by the lessor and forwarded to the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation. The terms of the agreement shall be fully disclosed on the application. The lessee will in all cases be considered the owner of the progeny of leased females.
6. Where a Registration Certificate is lost, destroyed or unobtainable, a duplicate certificate may be issued by the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation upon receipt of a statutory declaration from the last recorded owner.
7. The Canadian Livestock Records Corporation shall have authority to accept an application for registration or transfer from the purchaser.